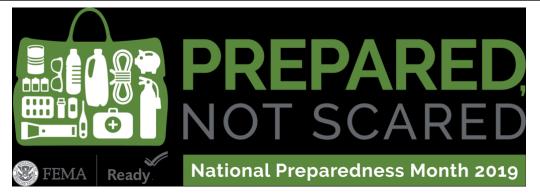


# **SHORE HEALTH**

**FΔII 201**9

Long Beach Island Health Department

609-492-1212 lbihd@lbihealth.com



Do you have a plan in the event of an emergency? September is National Preparedness Month! It is time to think about how to prepare you and your family in the event an emergency arises. Listed below are the steps to create a successful emergency plan recommended by FEMA.

Step 1: Put together a plan by discussing these 4 questions with your family, friends, or household to start your emergency plan.

- 1) How will I receive emergency alerts and warnings?
- 2) What is my shelter plan?
- 3) What is my evacuation route?
- 4) What is my family/household communication plan?

#### Step 2: Consider specific needs in your household.

As you prepare your plan tailor your plans and supplies to your specific daily living needs and responsibilities. Discuss your needs and responsibilities and how people in the community can assist each other with communication, care of children, pets, or specific needs like the operation of medical equipment. Create your own personal network for specific areas where you need assistance. Keep in mind some of these factors when developing your plan:

- 1) Different ages of members within your household
- 2) Responsibilities for assisting others
- 3) Locations frequented
- 4) Dietary needs
- 5) Medical needs including prescriptions and equipment
- 6) Disabilities or access and functional needs including devices and equipment
- 7) Languages spoken
- 8) Cultural and religious considerations
- 9) Pets or service animals
- 10) Households with school-aged children

#### Step 3: Fill out a Family Emergency Plan.

• Download and fill out a family emergency plan or use them as a guide to create your own. (Guides can be found on the FEMA or CDC websites)

### Step 4: Practice your plan with your family/household.

For more information and resources about emergency planning visit:

https://www.ready.gov/make-a-plan https://emergency.cdc.gov/

Source: FEMA

The Long Beach
Island Health
Department is the
branch of local
government
responsible for the
health of residents of:

Long Beach Township
Beach Haven
Ship Bottom
Surf City
Harvey Cedars
Barnegat Light

The Public Health
activities and
programs include
services for
individuals and their
families, as well as for
the environment in
which we live, work,
and play.





WEBSITES OF INTEREST:

www.cdc.gov

www.fema.gov

http://njquitline.org/

www.lbihealth.com





### "Register Ready - New Jersey's Special Needs Registry for Disasters"

Allows New Jersey residents with disabilities or access and functional needs and their families, friends, caregivers and associates an opportunity to provide information to emergency response agencies so emergency responders can better plan to serve them in a disaster or other emergency. For more information and registration call Long Beach Island Health Department at 609-492-1212 or visit <a href="www.registeready.nj.gov">www.registeready.nj.gov</a>



#### FIGHT THE FLU

With fall quickly approaching it is that time of the year to get your flu shot! The health department is asked many questions about the flu vaccination, below the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention answers some of the most commonly asked questions and misconceptions about the flu vaccine:

#### Can the flu vaccine give you the flu?

No, flu vaccines cannot cause flu illness. Flu vaccines given with a needle are currently made in two ways: the vaccine is made either with a) flu viruses that have been 'inactivated' (killed) and that therefore are not infectious, or b) using only a single gene from a flu virus (as opposed to the full virus) in order to produce an immune response without causing infection.

#### Why do some people not feel well after getting the seasonal flu vaccine?

Some people report having mild reactions to flu vaccination. The most common side effects from flu shots are soreness, redness, tenderness or swelling where the shot was given. Low-grade fever, headache and muscle aches also may occur. If these reactions occur they usually begin soon after the shot and last 1-2 days.

Side effects from the nasal spray flu vaccine may include: runny nose, wheezing, headache, vomiting, muscle aches, fever, sore throat, and cough. They usually begin soon after vaccination and are mild and short-lived. The most common reactions people have to flu vaccines are considerably less severe than the symptoms caused by actual flu illness.

#### Do I really need a flu vaccine every year?

Yes, CDC recommends a yearly flu vaccine for just about everyone 6 months and older, even when the viruses the vaccine protects against have not changed from the previous season. The reason for this is that a person's immune protection from vaccination declines over time, so an annual vaccination is needed to get the "optimal" or best protection against the flu.

# Should I wait to get vaccinated so that my immunity lasts through the end of the season?

CDC recommends that people get a flu vaccine by the end of October. Getting vaccinated later, however, can still be beneficial. As long as flu viruses are circulating it is not too late to get vaccinated, even in January or later. While seasonal flu outbreaks can happen as early as October, most of the time flu activity peaks between December and February, although activity can last as late as May. Since it takes about two weeks after vaccination for antibodies to develop in the body that protect against flu virus infection, it is best that people get vaccinated in time to be protected before flu viruses begin spreading in their community.

Flu vaccination is key to flu prevention, however, there are more steps to remember to help prevent the spread of the flu:

- 1) Avoid close contact with sick people
- 2) While sick limit contact with others
- 3) Cover your mouth with a tissue when you cough or sneeze
  - 4) Wash your hands often with soap and water
  - 5) Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth
  - 6) Clean and disinfect surfaces and objects that may be contaminated
  - 7) Take flu antiviral drugs if your doctor prescribes them



Have more questions?

https://www.cdc.gov/flu/prevent/misconceptions.htm https://www.cdc.gov/flu/index.htm

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

#### **UPCOMING EVENTS**

#### **FLU CLINICS**

LBI Health Department will be offering flu vaccinations at multiple locations throughout October/November.

For clinic information call 609-492-1212 or visit our website at

www.lbihealth.com





#### SAFE SYRINGE DISPOSAL

Long Beach Island Health Dept.
2119 Long Beach Blvd., Ship Bottom
Appointment Necessary
Call 609-492-1212
Syringes must be in a hard container

Syringes must be in a hard container with taped lid (Coffee can, Detergent Bottle)

NIXLE keeps you up-to-date with relevant information from your local public safety departments and schools. To opt in, go to <a href="https://www.nixle.com">www.nixle.com</a> or text your zip code to 888777

## ADULT HEALTH PROMOTION CLINICS

Public Health Nurses are available for blood pressure screening, risk factor assessment, and health education at these locations monthly:

\*\*NEW LOCATION\*\*
Beach Haven Borough Hall
300 Engleside Ave., Beach Haven
1st Wednesday – 11:00 AM – 12:00 PM

Long Beach Island Health Department 2119 Long Beach Blvd., Ship Bottom 2nd Wednesday – 10:00 AM – 11:00 AM

Long Beach Island Branch of the Ocean County Library 217 S Central Ave, Surf City 1st Tuesday – 11:00 AM – 12 noon

Harvey Cedars Borough Hall 76th & Long Beach Blvd., Harvey Cedars 3rd Tuesday – 9:30 AM- 10:30 AM

Barnegat Light Borough Hall 10 E 7th Street, Barnegat Light 3rd Tuesday – 11:00 AM – 12 noon